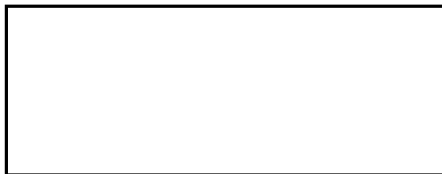


TOP SECRET

25X1




17 February 1956

25X1



Copy No. 103

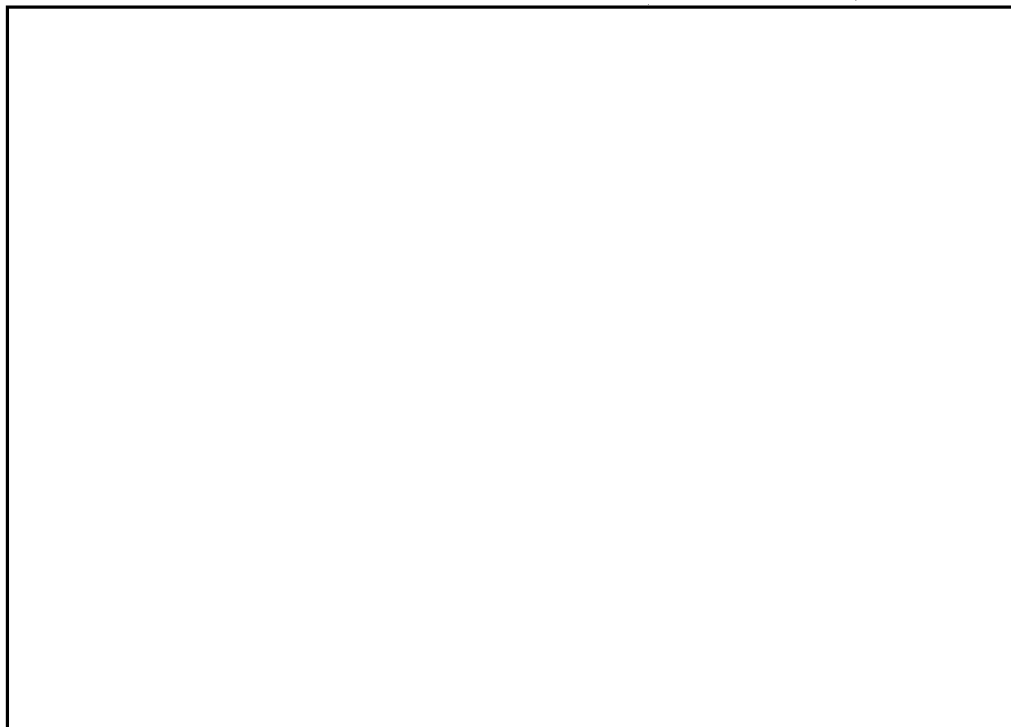
CURRENT INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

DOCUMENT NO. 25
NO CHANGE IN CLASS ☒
☐ DECLASSIFIED
CLASS. CHANGED TO: TS S C
NEXT REVIEW DATE: 2010
AUTH: HR 70-2
DATE: 14 Jan 80 REVIEWER: 

25X1

OFFICE OF CURRENT INTELLIGENCE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

25X1



DIA and DOS review(s) completed.

TOP SECRET

25X1

Approved For Release 2002/11/19 : CIA-RDP79T00975A002400250001-7

Approved For Release 2002/11/19 : CIA-RDP79T00975A002400250001-7

25X1A

Approved For Release 2002/11/19 : CIA-RDP79T00975A002400250001-7

CONTENTS

25X1A

1. STATE OF SIEGE IN PERU

[REDACTED]

3. BULGARIA PLANS TO REQUEST RESUMPTION OF
RELATIONS WITH US

25X1A

4. COMMUNIST CHINA TO CELEBRATE PRODUCTION OF
FIRST MOTOR VEHICLE

25X1A

5. VIET MINH PROPAGANDA THREATENS VIOLENCE ON
ELECTION DAY IN SOUTH VIETNAM

25X1A

6. DEATH OF ITALIAN BUDGET MINISTER VANONI

25X1A

* * * *

THE ARAB-ISRAELI SITUATION

25X1A

1. STATE OF SIEGE IN PERU

25X1A

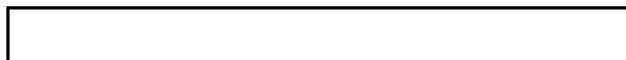
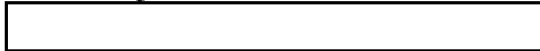


President Odria's declaration of a nationwide 30-day state of siege reflects what is apparently serious concern of the Peruvian regime over the sudden uprising of the army garrison at Iquitos. Although a government spokesman has stated that with the exception of Iquitos the country was completely quiet, with the government in control, unconfirmed reports suggest that the movement may be spreading.

The rebels' manifesto, demanding the end of Odria's authoritarian regime and full guarantees for the 3 June presidential elections, in effect reiterates the demands made by the political opposition in recent months. Antiregime sentiment among the Peruvian military as well as the general populace has been developing as a result of Odria's refusal to accede to these demands. Developments in the past several months have all pointed to a well-directed plan by Odria to ensure the continuation of his regime in power by installing a hand-picked successor through rigged elections.

25X1A

General Marcial Merino Pereira, who reportedly initiated the revolt, was a member of the military junta which emerged from the 1948 Arequipa revolution, following which General Odria was elected head of state.



25X1

Approved For Release 2002/11/19 : CIA-RDP79T00975A002400250001-7

Next 1 Page(s) In Document Exempt

Approved For Release 2002/11/19 : CIA-RDP79T00975A002400250001-7

3. BULGARIA PLANS TO REQUEST RESUMPTION OF RELATIONS WITH US

25X1A

[REDACTED]

The Bulgarian minister in Paris is seeking an appointment with Ambassador Dillion in order to make a formal request for the reopening of relations with the United States. He told the American counselor that his government was interested in some prior indication of how the demarche would be received.

When reminded that the mistreatment of US legation personnel was an important reason for the rupture of American-Bulgarian relations, the Bulgarian minister said that "those days were past" and that he saw no reason why American diplomats in Sofia would not now be treated as well as any others, including representatives of the USSR.

Comment The Bulgarian request is the latest move by a Soviet bloc country in support of Moscow's efforts to improve relations of the bloc with the United States.

The United States broke relations with Bulgaria in February 1950 following Bulgarian charges that the American minister in Sofia was involved in a plot to overthrow the Bulgarian Communist regime. A few months after Stalin's death, Premier Chervenkov publicly expressed a wish to re-establish full normal relations between his country and the United States, Yugoslavia, and Greece. Subsequently, Sofia took the initiative in restoring normal relations with Yugoslavia and in undertaking negotiations with Greece, but no direct approach was made to the US until this month.

The French minister to Tirana recently told American representatives in Paris that Albania, the only other Satellite not represented in Washington, was exceedingly interested in resuming normal diplomatic relations with the United States. Restrictions on the movement of Western diplomatic personnel in Albania are considerably greater than in Bulgaria.

25X1A

17 Feb 56

Current Intelligence Bulletin

Page 6

25X1A

4. COMMUNIST CHINA TO CELEBRATE PRODUCTION OF FIRST MOTOR VEHICLE

25X1A

[REDACTED] The Chinese Communists will have produced their first motor vehicle by August 1956 and intend to make a "great show" of the event, [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED] Peiping will send invitations to
persons in most countries of Southeast Asia. [REDACTED]

25X1

25X1

25X1

Comment

Peiping radio has stated that China's first motor vehicle factory, at Changchun in Manchuria, will be producing vehicles by 1 October 1956, six months ahead of schedule. The plant is scheduled eventually to produce 30,000 Soviet-model four-ton trucks per year.

25X1A

Peiping could be expected to make a major celebration of the plant's official opening, because it will be one of the first large new machine building plants built under the Communist regime. The construction site at Changchun has been a showplace on official tours given to impress foreign visitors with industrial progress in Communist China.

Such displays may impress many Asians with Peiping's propaganda line that China's rapid development is possible because it is a Communist state that has Soviet support. (Prepared jointly with ORR)

25X1A

5. VIET MINH PROPAGANDA THREATENS VIOLENCE
ON ELECTION DAY IN SOUTH VIETNAM

25X1A

Hanoi radio on 10 February broadcast the strongest statement to date in the Viet Minh's propaganda campaign against the national assembly elections scheduled for 4 March in

South Vietnam. The broadcast stated that "the Vietnamese people who know how to act will not recognize the faked elections" and will "transform them into a bloody reply to the Americans and their lackeys." The broadcast added that President Diem will undoubtedly win the elections as he did in the "referendum farce."

These are the first Viet Minh statements strongly implying violence in connection with the 4 March elections. The Viet Minh had previously condemned the elections in more general terms and called for an election boycott.

It now appears likely that the Viet Minh will attempt to foment extensive disorders to embarrass the Diem government by creating the impression of instability and widespread repression. Since the Viet Minh lacks the capability to prevent the holding of the elections or to force Diem out in the immediate future, such an effort would probably be part of a long-term campaign to get a government in the south that would deal with the Viet Minh.

25X1A

25X1A

25X1A

6. DEATH OF ITALIAN BUDGET MINISTER VANONI

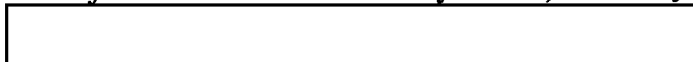
25X1A



The sudden death of Italian budget minister Vanoni may revive the conflict on financial policies which nearly caused the government's fall and resulted in the resignation of Treasury Minister Gava late in January. Gava resigned in protest against rising government expenditures and was replaced on an acting basis by Vanoni, who favored an expansionist policy focusing on the ten-year economic development plan which bears his name.

The Vanoni plan, which seeks a heavy reduction in unemployment, Italy's chief economic ill, has been approved by the OEEC in principle and has captured the imagination of the Italian public. It is widely considered the Christian Democratic government's most effective political weapon against the Communists, but the government has been slow in working out its final formulation. Vanoni's death will probably further impede government action on it, particularly if he is succeeded by Gava, as may be the case.

25X1A



25X1A

THE ARAB-ISRAELI SITUATION
(Information as of 1700, 16 February)

The small selective Israeli call-up of personnel and vehicles reported on 15 February is continuing, but the American army attaché in Tel Aviv believes that it does not indicate an impending large-scale action. This call-up may be connected with a late December statement by a high Israeli officer that divisional maneuvers would be held in the Negev in January or February.

25X1A

The Egyptian military attaché in Damascus has stated that Egypt believes the period from 1 March to 1 June will be the most critical in Arab-Israeli relations, since up to June Israel could mount an attack with some hope of early success. From June on, however, Egypt will be too strong for any attack. The attaché believes Prime Minister Nasr is relying to a large extent on the UN Security Council to force Israel to make some concessions. If this can be done, he believes there is a chance Nasr would openly advocate peace. The attaché also said Egypt's "new weapons" were now all in use. Egyptian pilots are adapting well to the MIG's but are having some trouble with the IL-28's. The attaché was not very enthusiastic about the Soviet T-34 medium tanks, but said the JS-3 heavy tanks were able to knock out any Israeli tank.

25X1A

The Syrian UN representative told American officials in New York on 15 February that his government was unlikely to press for a Security Council meeting, since Israeli prime minister Ben-Gurion had stated that plans to resume work at Banat Yacov were "shelved."

25X1A